BEFORE THE STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD

In the Matter of the State Water Resources)	Hearing Date: July 23 -25, 2008
Control Board (State Water Board)	
Hearing to Determine whether to Adopt a)	Carmel River in Monterey County
Draft Cease & Desist Order against)	
California American Water Regarding its)	
Diversion of Water from the Carmel River)	
in Monterey County under Order WR 95-10)	
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EXHIBIT MPWMD-DF9

MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

TESTIMONY OF DARBY W. FUERST

TESTIMONY OF DARBY W. FUERST

I, Darby W. Fuerst, provide the following prepared testimony under penalty of perjury and under the laws of the State of California in relation to the State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board or SWRCB) hearing to determine whether to adopt a draft Cease and Desist Order (CDO) against California American Water (CAW or Cal-Am) regarding its diversion of water from the Carmel River in Monterey County under SWRCB Order 95-10.

Q1. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND PERSONAL QUALIFICATIONS.

- 1. My name is Darby W. Fuerst. My business address is 5 Harris Court, Building G, Monterey, California. My education includes a M.S. degree in water resources administration from the University of Arizona, a B.S. degree in geological sciences from the University of Washington, a B.A. degree in English literature from Occidental College, and an A.A. degree in mathematics from Cañada College. I am a Certified Professional Hydrologist (No. 1658) with the American Institute of Hydrology. I have more than 26 years of professional experience in the field of surface water hydrology and water resources administration working for local, state, and federal agencies. Except for a one-year period (October 1988 through September 1989), I have worked for the Monterey Peninsula Water Management District (MPWMD or District) for the past 23 years. I have been employed by the Water Management District as the Interim General Manager since March 2008. My resume is provided as Exhibit MPWMD-DF2.
- 2. As General Manager, I am responsible for all activities of the Water Management District, including operations of the administrative services, planning and engineering, water resources, and water demand divisions. I previously served as the General Manager of the Water Management District for five years between December 1995 and June 2001. During this time, I interacted with the Water Rights Division staff of the SWRCB on a number of matters relating to the Carmel River system.

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3. In addition to serving as General Manager, I have also served as the Water Resources Manager and Senior Hydrologist with the Water Management District. In this first position, I have been responsible for the management of the programs, services, and staff of the Water Resources Division including surface and ground water data collection programs, development and application of computer simulations models, administration of the fishery protection activities in the Carmel River basin, development of quarterly water supply strategies and budgets for CAW's main water distribution system, and negotiation of the annual Carmel River Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) among CAW, California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG), and the Water Management District that governs reservoir releases to the lower Carmel River during the low-flow season. In this second position, I have been responsible for the development, maintenance, and application of the Water Management District's computer simulation model of the water resources of the Monterey Peninsula area. This model, the Carmel Valley Simulation Model (CVSIM), is the Water Management District's principal analytical tool for assessing the performance of the water resources system under varying physical, structural, and operational conditions. I have been involved with the development, testing, calibration, and application of CVSIM since 1985.

Q2. DID YOU PROVIDE TESTIMONY DURING PHASE ONE OF THIS HEARING?

4. Yes, My written testimony for Phase One was lodged in hearing as **Exhibit MPWMD-DF1**. I presented oral testimony during Phase One on June 19 and 20, 2008.

Q3. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT'S ROLE AS INTEGRATED WATER RESOURCES MANAGER.

5. In the District's enabling law, the California Legislature found that the water problems in the Monterey Peninsula area could not be solved on a piecemeal basis and created

the District to provide integrated management of the ground and surface water supplies in the Monterey Peninsula area. The District was given broad powers to protect the public welfare and environmental quality in the area. Specifically, the District was authorized to do any and every lawful act necessary to ensure that sufficient water is available for any present or future beneficial use or uses of lands or inhabitants within the District.

6. As the local integrated water resources manager, the District regularly interacts with the SWRCB, California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC), eight local jurisdictions within the District, and the Seaside Groundwater Basin Watermaster on a variety of water supply and demand issues.

Q4. WITH RESPECT TO THE KEY ISSUE IDENTIFIED IN THE HEARING NOTICE, SHOULD THE STATE WATER BOARD ADOPT THE DRAFT CDO?

7. No, as indicated in my previous testimony and consistent with District Resolution No. 2008-08 which was submitted in evidence as **Exhibit MPWMD-DF8A**, the State Water Board should not adopt the CDO as drafted.

Q5. IF THE DRAFT CDO IS ADOPTED, SHOULD ANY MODIFICATIONS BE MADE TO THE MEASURES IN THE DRAFT ORDER? IF MODIFIED, WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR EACH MODIFICATION?

- 8. Yes, as suggested in District Resolution No. 2008-08, the amounts and timetable for reductions in CAW's diversions from the Carmel River should be modified to be more realistic, achievable, and not jeopardize public health and safety in the Monterey Peninsula area.
- 9. Specifically, the proposed reduction schedule for CAW's diversions from the Carmel River should take into account the reductions that CAW will be required to make to its diversions from the Coastal Subareas of the Seaside Groundwater Basin for customers in its main system as a result of the Seaside Basin adjudication decision. This decision by the Monterey County Superior Court (California American Water v. City of Seaside et al., Case No. M66343)

requires that the initial "Operating Yield" for the Coastal and Inland Subareas of the basin be decreased by ten percent every three years until the "Natural Safe Yield" of the basin is reached. These required reductions can be forestalled if the Seaside Basin Watermaster secures and adds an equivalent amount of "Non-Native" water to the basin on an annual basis or the Watermaster secures an equivalent amount of reclaimed water and contracts with one or more of the "Producers" to utilize the reclaimed water in lieu of "Native" water or the Watermaster determines that groundwater levels within the Santa Margarita and Paso Robles aquifers are at sufficient levels to ensure a positive offshore gradient to prevent seawater intrusion.

- 10. As shown in **Exhibit MPWMD-DF10**, CAW's share of the operating yield for the Coastal Subareas of the Seaside Groundwater Basin could be reduced by 313 acre-feet (AF) in Water Year (WY) 2009¹ and 417 AF in WY 2010 and WY 2011. Similar reductions could also occur in WY 2012, WY 2015, WY 2018, and WY 2021 and would be cumulative. Because of the impact of these reductions on CAW's ability to serve customers in its main system, these reductions must be considered as part of the CDO.
- 11. **Exhibit MPWMD-DF10** also shows the reduction schedule for CAW's diversions from the Carmel River proposed in the CDO and the combined effect of the two reduction schedules. As shown, in WY 2009, if the CDO is adopted as drafted and the Seaside Basin reductions occur as scheduled, CAW will need to reduce its Carmel River diversions by 1,693 AF and its diversions from the Coastal Subareas of the Seaside Basin by 313 AF, for a total required reduction of 2,006 AF. This total reduction equates to an approximate 14 percent reduction in CAW's currently allowed diversion limit of 14,789 AF per year (AFY)² for its main

¹ The reduction shown for WY 2009 is less than the reductions shown for WYs 2010 and 2011 because the reduction in WY 2009 does not begin until January 1, 2009, and only applies to the last nine months of this water year. The reductions for WYs 2010 and 2011 begin on October 1 and apply to all 12 months of these water years.

² This diversion limit applies to CAW's main system in WY 2007 and is based on a limit of 11,285 AFY from Carmel River sources and a limit of 3,504 AFY from sources in the Coastal Subareas of the Seaside Groundwater Basin.

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system. It is unlikely that this level of additional water conservation could be achieved without affecting public health and safety.

12. As noted in my previous testimony, residential water users in CAW's main system are among the most frugal in California. Based on an average daily use of approximately 170 gallons per connection and a census-weighted average of 2.54 residents per connection, daily residential use in the Monterey Peninsula area averages approximately 68 gallons per day. In order to comply with a 14 percent reduction in diversions, this average use would be reduced to 58 gallons per capita per day (gpcpd). In WY 2015, when 6,896 AF may need to be conserved, a 47 percent reduction in diversions could be required. If development of replacement water supplies is delayed beyond 2015, average residential water use could be limited to approximately 32 gpcpd. This amount of use is less than the 50 gpcpd that was required in the Monterey Peninsula area during the severe 1976-1977 drought period.

Q6. HOW SHOULD THE REDUCTION SCHEDULE IN THE CDO BE MODIFIED?

13. Because of the uncertainty in estimating further conservation savings and the availability of replacement water supplies, it is difficult to recommend a specific reduction schedule that will not jeopardize public health and safety. Instead, an adaptive management approach is recommended, consistent with the continuing jurisdiction of the SWRCB. Under this adaptive management approach, reductions in diversions would be tied to development of specific water supply alternatives. For example, in WY 2009, reductions in CAW's diversions from the Carmel River would be tied to implementation of the City of Sand City's Brackish Water Desalination Plant, operation of CAW's and MPWMD's Joint Phase 1 ASR Project, and completion of the advanced treatment component of the Carmel Area Wastewater District/Pebble Beach Community Service District (CAWD/PBCSD) Wastewater Reclamation Project.

Q7. WHAT ADDITIONAL MEASURES TO PROTECT PUBLIC TRUST RESOURCES DURING PERIODS OF CONTINUED DIVERSIONS FROM THE CARMEL RIVER SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN THE CDO?

- 14. **Exhibit MPWMD-DF11** includes a list of recommended spending priorities for restoration of the steelhead resource in the Carmel River. This list, which includes nine measures, was developed by District staff based on earlier recommendations by the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) and Carmel River Watershed Conservancy (CRWC). The projects shown in this list represent measures that could be undertaken to protect the public trust resources of the Carmel River during periods when continued diversions from the Carmel River are allowed in excess of CAW's recognized rights.
- 15. Special emphasis should be given to restoration projects that maintain or improve flow conditions in the Carmel River during low-flow periods, usually from June through November. Specifically, projects that enable CAW to provide greater releases from Los Padres Reservoir in the Upper Carmel River Basin or greater inflows into the Carmel River Lagoon in the Lower Carmel River Basin during low-flow periods should be encouraged.

Q8. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE DISTRICT'S COMMUNITY OUTREACH EFFORTS REGARDING THE DRAFT CDO.

16. As a result of the draft CDO against CAW being issued in January 2008 and based on concerns regarding the impact of the CDO on CAW's water users, the District Board convened its Ad-Hoc Community Advisory Committee in March 2008. The Committee was charged to discuss the potential impacts on the community that could occur if the draft CDO was adopted and recommend strategies to address these potential impacts. **Exhibit MPWMD-DF12** includes the Final Report from the Community Advisory Committee to the MPWMD Board of Directors dated April 21, 2008. As noted in the report, the Committee agreed that the CDO should be modified and that the percentage reductions in CAW's diversions from the Carmel River should be revised. The Committee also found that the reduction schedule should allow time for implementation of water

supply solutions that are currently underway. In addition, the Committee indicated that any fines resulting from failure to comply with the CDO should not be passed on to CAW's ratepayers. Lastly, the Committee, which supported additional water conservation measures focused on reducing outdoor water use and water use by "water wasters", noted that conservation alone could not meet the requirements of the CDO and urged the District, CAW, and other local and state entities to work expeditiously towards water supply solutions for the Monterey Peninsula area.

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DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

17. Yes.

I, Darby W. Fuerst, declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing "Testimony of Darby W. Fuerst" and know its contents. The matters stated in it are true of my knowledge except as to those matters which are stated on information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true.

Executed on July 8, 2008, at Monterey, California.

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